COURSE OUTLINE

1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	NATURAL SCIE					
DEPARTMENT	MATHEMATICS					
LEVEL OF COURSE	UNDERGRADUATE					
COURSE CODE	MAT_PM265	SEMESTE	R OF STUDIES 4 th			
COURSE TITLE	NUMBER THEORY					
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			TEACHING HOURS PER WEEK		ECTS CREDITS	
Lectures and Laboratory Exercises			5		6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).						
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Elective course	2				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:						
TEACHING AND ASSESSMENT LANGUAGE:	Greek					
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes					
COURSE WEBPAGE (URL)						

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this course, the student will have had a first contact with elementary number theory and its subfields: classical theory, analytic methods, diophantine equations, transcendental theory and elements of cryptography.



General Abilities

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others...

• Promote free, creative and inductive thinking.

3. COURSE CONTENT

Theorems and conjectures for primes: primes in arithmetic progressions, primes of special form, formulas for primes, distribution of primes. Arithmetic functions: number of divisors, sum of divisors, Euler function, Möbius function, Dirichlet convolution, Möbius inversion formula. Mersenne numbers, perfect numbers, Fermat numbers. Polynomial equations modulo n, quadratic residues, Legendre symbol, Jacobi symbol, Kronecker symbol, law of quadratic reciprocity. Pythagorean triples, non-linear Diophantine equations, method of infinite descent, Pell equation. Continued fractions, properties of convergents, best approximation of irrationals by rationals, periodicity of continued fractions. Theorems of Dirichlet and Liouville for diophantine approximations, elements of transcendental number theory. Representations of integers as sums of squares or as sums of higher powers, Waring's problem. Symmetric and non-symmetric cryptography. Pseudoprimes, Carmichael numbers, deterministic and non-deterministic primality tests. Factorization algorithms.



4. TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS - ASSESSMENT

TEACHING METHOD				
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Lectures (face to face)			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	PowerPoint slides			
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES	Support Learning through the <i>eClass</i> platform.			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students				
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	52		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Personal Study	95		
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Final Examination	3		
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational				
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,				
etc.				
The student's study hours for each learning	Total number of hours for the Course	150		
activity are given as well as the hours of non-	(25 hours of work-load per ECTS credit)	150		
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS				
STUDENT ASSESSEMNT Description of the evaluation procedure	Assessment Language: Greek Assessment Language for Erasmus students: En	glish		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple				
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,	Assessment methods: Final written examination			
open-ended questions, problem solving,				
written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical				
examination of patient, art interpretation,				
other				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are				
given, and if and where they are accessible to				
students				

5. RECOMMENDED LITERATURE

(in Greek)

- Αντωνιάδης Ιωάννης και Κοντογεώργης Αριστείδης. Θεωρία Αριθμών και Εφαρμογές. (e-book). Σύνδεσμος Ελληνικών Ακαδημαϊκών Βιβλιοθηκών. Αποθετήριο "Κάλλιπος", 2015.
- Πουλάκης Δημήτριος. Θεωρία Αριθμών. Εκδόσεις Ζήτη, 1997.
- Δεριζιώτης Δημήτριος. *Μια Εισαγωγή στη Θεωρία Αριθμών*. 2^η έκδοση, Εκδόσεις Σοφία, 2012.
- Apostol Tom. Εισαγωγή στην Αναλυτική Θεωρία των Αριθμών. Εκδόσεις Gutenberg, 1986.
- Πουλάκης Δημήτριος. Υπολογιστική Θεωρία Αριθμών. (e-book). Σύνδεσμος Ελληνικών Ακαδημαϊκών Βιβλιοθηκών Αποθετήριο "Κάλλιπος", 2015.

